## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 2

## BY RESOURCES AND CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

## A JOINT MEMORIAL

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR, THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED, AND TO THE CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION REPRESENTING THE STATE OF IDAHO IN THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

We, your Memorialists, the House of Representatives and the Senate of the State of Idaho assembled in the First Regular Session of the Sixty-third Idaho Legislature, do hereby respectfully represent that:

WHEREAS, the Caldera area of the Island Park region in eastern Idaho has been suggested as a potential national monument that could be established under the provisions of the 1906 Antiquities Act; and

WHEREAS, the current multiple use and private land protections policies governing the management of this area generally have served the interests of local residents; and

WHEREAS, cattle ranching and agriculture, the main economic drivers in this area, will be substantially impacted by any land management decisions regarding this landscape. Agriculture is the single biggest economic contributor to the State of Idaho. Idaho's farms and ranches represent 11.7 million acres in rural Idaho and the sales of farm and ranch projects contribute nearly \$7.6 billion to Idaho's economy. Ranching and farming play a substantial role in the state's heritage and identity and should be preserved; and

WHEREAS, a national monument designation affects land use by imposing restrictions on development, resource extraction and land swaps with resulting local impacts such as diminished economic possibilities and restrictions on access; and

WHEREAS, the designation suggestion was made without the use of any local collaborative process; and

WHEREAS, the Idaho Roadless Rule, is Idaho's 2006 plan that provides a framework for use and protection for more than nine million acres of federal public backcountry. The rule is held to be a nationwide model of collaboration among groups and individuals with divergent interests and concerns. The Roadless Rule specifically prescribes protective management under the "Wildland/Recreation" theme. It is feared that utilization of the Antiquities Act would overturn the agreement reached in the formulation of the Idaho Roadless Rule with no effort to reach consensus through collaboration; and

WHEREAS, national monument designation would impact local wildlife managers as well as impact the right to hunt and fish in the area, a place where Idaho residents, families and visitors can enjoy these Idaho traditions; and

WHEREAS, in the November 2014 election, an advisory vote relating to the suggested national monument designation was taken in Fremont County, which

contains the area of suggested designation. The results were that about 93 percent of the 3,798 voting opposed any such designation.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the members of the First Regular Session of the Sixty-third Idaho Legislature, the House of Representatives and the Senate concurring therein, that we oppose any national monument designation in the Caldera area of the Island Park region in eastern Idaho.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED any efforts to reach decisions regarding lands of Idaho administered by federal agencies be made by local collaboration, rather than by unilateral administrative processes that exclude the residents of Idaho.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and she is hereby authorized and directed to forward a copy of this Memorial to the President of the United States, the Secretary of the Interior, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of Congress, and to the congressional delegation representing the State of Idaho in the Congress of the United States.